

NCS 16785 (en)

Bio-based content certification scheme

NEN certification scheme

ICS 13.020.60; 71.040.40

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Certificatieschema biobased gehalte

ICS 13.020.60; 71.040.40 November 2016

Committee of Experts Bio-based content



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Introduction

Resource supply and environmental aspects are considered of increasing importance to industrial production. Products based on biomass can contribute to both economically and ecologically efficient solutions. Therefore, it can be of interest to be able to determine and communicate the bio-based content of a given product or product family.

This was usually accomplished in the USA and in Europe on the basis of the quantification of ¹⁴C carbon according to ASTM D-6866. This approach had the advantage of being simple and easy to implement. Also focusing on carbon can be of interest in the context of carbon footprint and carbon dioxide production evaluation. But when trying to communicate on the content in biomass in a given product or product family, this method needs to be completed.

As a matter of fact, bio-based products, product families and compounds contain also large quantities of other elements. These are primarily oxygen, nitrogen, hydrogen and others, coming from lipids, proteins and carbohydrates. These elements are not covered by the radiocarbon method, which in fact leads to the determination of the "bio-based carbon content" in a product. In this document the term "bio-based content" is used in the meaning of bio-based product or product family including the chemical elements mentioned above according to EN 16785-1.

This certification scheme is based on EN 16785-1, which describes a complementary method for the calculation and the determination of bio-based content in a given raw material, chemical, intermediate, semi-finished product or finished product. The certification scheme defines a system, which provides the opportunity of a third party verification of the bio-based content of the products or product families to be tested.

The determination of the bio-based content is based on a statement by the producer, which is validated by different analyses.

Bio-based content approbation according to this certification scheme provides its applicants with a reliable basis for the communication of the bio-based content of the respective products or product families to other parties e.g. business partners, authorities, or the public. The bio-based content of a product does not provide information on its environmental impact or sustainability.

This certification scheme intends to increase transparency about the bio-based content in products by determining and independently verifying the bio-based content before making any claims about the bio-based content. It also aims to facilitate benchmarking amongst similar products for the aspect of the bio-based content. This certification scheme does not set minimum limits for bio-based products, not only for transparency and benchmarking purposes, but also as limits might be arbitrary and will differ amongst the several applications in the bio-based sector.

This certification system has been developed by the Committee of Experts "Bio-based content". NEN as scheme owner complies with the requirements set by the Dutch Accreditation Council (RvA), the Dutch member of the International Accreditation Forum (IAF). Certification bodies that have entered into an agreement with NEN are obliged to apply the certification system as established by the scheme owner "Biobased content" when certifying on the basis of EN 16785-1.

NEN aspires to offer a high-quality, broadly supported certificate, which has an added value, particularly in the relation of the certified organization with its external stakeholders. In order to achieve this, the Committee of Experts is composed of representatives of all stakeholders categories having on interest in bio-based content certification. The Committee of Experts is responsible for supervising the functioning of the standard and the certification scheme and for adjusting the certification scheme, if necessary.

Bio-based content certification scheme

1 Scope

This certification scheme contains provisions for the determination, verification and monitoring of the biobased content of products or product families. It is applicable to all kinds of products containing carbon.

This certification scheme can be used by different types of organizations including:

— organizations that wish to demonstrate by a third party conformity assessment that the claim about the bio-based content of their product or product family is justified;

NOTE 1 In this context, the organization is also referred to as 'applicant'.

certification bodies that are contracted by applicants for assessing conformity;

NOTE 2 Only certification bodies that have entered into an agreement with NEN may use this certification scheme.

— testing laboratories that analyse sample(s) of products or product families for their bio-based content and elemental composition.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments and corrigenda) applies.

EN 16785-1:2015, Bio-based products — Bio-based content — Part 1: Determination of the bio-based content using the radiocarbon analysis and elemental analysis

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 16785-1 and the following apply:

3.1

bio-based content

biomass content

fraction of a product that is derived from biomass

Note 1 to entry: Normally expressed as a percentage of the total mass of the product.

[SOURCE: EN 16575:2014, 2.4, modified – Note 2 to entry has been removed and second term has been added (definition 2.8 in EN 16575:2014).]

3.2

component

part of a finished product (e.g. packaging) that can be separated by hand or by simple physical means

Note 1 to entry: Derived from definition of 'packaging component' in EN 13432:2000, 3.2.

3.3

constituent

chemical material or substance which a material item to this bio-based content approbation is composed of

3.4

integrated component

part of a product that can (easily) be differentiated, but not (easily) separated by hand or simple physical means

3.5

product

substance, mixture of substances, material or object resulting from a production process

Note 1 to entry: Product can be an intermediate, material, semi-finished or final product.

[SOURCE: EN 16575:2014, 2.14]

3.6

product family

family of products

group of products derived from common constituents, using similar or same production processes and having similar physical characteristics

Note 1 to entry: The composition range for the product family to be certified needs to be confirmed between applicant and certification body.

Note 2 to entry: For example, products with different purity grades or products with varying molecular weights but similar reactants can be considered a product family.

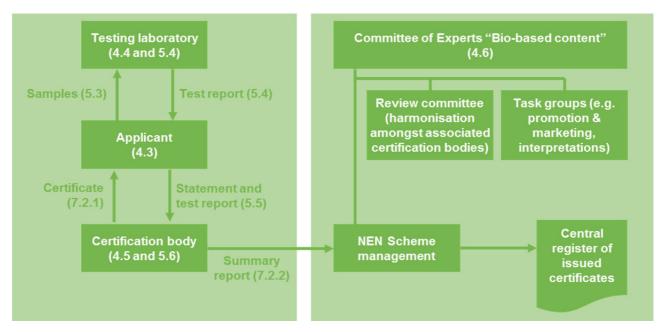
4 Organization of the certification system

4.1 Principle

Certification in the sense of this certification scheme relates to the assessment of conformity of a raw material, chemical, intermediate, semi-finished product or finished product by the certification body on the basis of test reports submitted by testing laboratories recognized by the certification body. In doing so, the raw material, chemical, intermediate, semi-finished product or finished product to be certified for conformity, in accordance with the requirements in Clause 5, is examined and subsequently monitored.

4.2 Organizational structure

Figure 1 gives a schematic overview of the certification system. The left hand side of Figure 1 shows the organizational structure of the actor subsequent steps to be taken in order that an organization ('applicant') will obtain a certificate for the bio-based content of its product of product family. The right hand side of Figure 1 shows the organizational structure for the management of this certification system. In addition to the standard and the certification scheme, the certification system is supported by the *NEN Scheme management manual*, which has been developed to secure the whole primary process of developing and implementing the certification system.

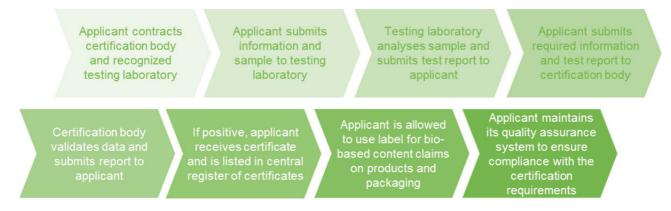


NOTE References relate to the subclauses in this certification scheme.

Figure 1 — Schematic overview of the certification system for bio-based content

4.3 Applicant

The applicant is the organization that would like to certify for the minimum percentage of bio-based content in its product or product family. Figure 2 provides a (simplified) flowchart of the subsequent steps to be taken in order that the applicant will obtain and maintain a certificate for the bio-based content of its product of product family.



NOTE 1 The applicant can decide to outsource the sampling part to the certification body. In this case, the certification body will submit the required information and the sample to the testing laboratory (second step in this figure) on behalf of the applicant. The applicant remains owner of the test report.

NOTE 2 This flowchart shows the logical pathway for certification; alternative pathways are possible as long as the requirements in this certification scheme are fulfilled (see for example NOTE 1).

Figure 2 — Flowchart with steps to be taken by an applicant for certifying the minimum percentage of bio-based content in its product or product family

4.4 Testing laboratory

For certification purposes, the testing laboratory shall be recognized by the certification body that will be contracted by the applicant. The testing laboratory participating in the system shall be accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025 for the test methods and matrices concerned. In case the testing laboratory is only accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025 for the test method, but not (yet) for the matrix concerned, the certification body is allowed to recognize this testing laboratory in accordance with its ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation rules. An audit to the testing laboratory based on the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 may be part of this recognition process.

NOTE 1 The list of recognized testing laboratories per certification body is maintained at the web portal www.biobasedcontent.eu. The applicant is advised to contact a testing laboratory after entering into an agreement with one of the certification bodies associated with this certification scheme to ensure that the testing laboratory is recognized by this certification body.

NOTE 2 Accredited test methods are available for the elements C, H and N and for ¹⁴C, but not yet for the element O. This implies that the elemental analysis of oxygen cannot be part of the certification process until an accredited test method is available.

The testing laboratory shall be independent of the applicant.

The testing laboratory may outsource part of the analyses to another testing laboratory, provided that this testing laboratory is recognized by the certification body and that outsourcing is stated in the proposition.

4.5 Certification body

The certification body shall have an ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation granted by an IAF/MLA¹⁾ partner.

The primary processes of the certification system are described in the *NEN Scheme management manual*. The specific requirements for the certification body with respect to EN 16785-1 are described in this certification scheme.

The certification body may decide on the languages in which the documents are accepted.

4.6 Committee of Experts

The Committee of Experts "Bio-based content" assesses the functioning of this certification scheme in practice and draw up additional decisions and/or interpretation documents. A complete specification of the authorities and responsibilities of the Committee of Experts and the procedures are part of the NEN Scheme management manual. The Committee of Experts shall meet at least once a year.

4.7 Changes

Changes in the certification system for organizations will be effective after decree by the scheme owner under simultaneous appointment of the date of commencement and not until at least 30 days have been passed after the day of announcement. The scheme owner ensures that all parties involved will be informed of the changes and the day of their commencement.

Existing certificate holders are granted a certain transition period, from the day the revised certification scheme becomes effective, during which they can make any changes necessary for compliances with the revised certification scheme. The transition period will be defined by Committee of Experts "Bio-based content" based on the impact of the changes of the revised certification scheme.

An IAF/MLA partner is an accreditation body that is member of the International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and has
declared their common intention to join the IAF Multilateral Recognition Agreement (MLA) recognising the
equivalence of other members' accreditations to their own. An overview of IAF/MLA partners is available at
www.iaf.nu.

5 Method of assessment

5.1 General

Products can be sorted out in two groups, products obtained by chemical or biological reaction (Group I) and products obtained by mixing Group I products (Group II) depending on the type of analysis to be carried out:

— Group I: products obtained by chemical or biological reaction

Group I products shall undergo ¹⁴C analysis and elemental analysis. Their statement shall contain a detailed elemental composition of the bio-based part and the fossil part as described in 5.5.1.

NOTE 1 Group I products are described by one chemical formula. For example, a polymer is a Group I product.

— Group II: products obtained by mixing Group I products, without chemical or biological reaction

Group II products shall only undergo ¹⁴C analysis. Their statement shall be done by simple calculation of the bio-based content by using data obtained from suppliers, as described in 5.5.2, provided that the bio-based content of the constituents (Group I) are analysed according to this method. This simplified statement takes into account the possible complexity of formulated products.

NOTE 2 Group II products can contain additives. For example, a plastic is a Group II product.

Natural products, as defined in EN 16785-1:2015, 5.4, can be used to produce Group I products or as constituent(s) of Group II products.

5.2 Calculation of the bio-based content

5.2.1 General calculation method

The calculation of the bio-based content shall be in accordance with EN 16785-1. This calculation method includes the statement of the bio-based content of the sample obtained by calculation combined with a validation done by comparing the data of the statement and the results of the ¹⁴C content determination and the elemental analysis of the sample.

A percentage of small constituents (impurities and/or unknown constituents) representing up to 5 % of the product based on dry weight, can be accepted on the condition that the difference between the calculation/statement without taking these small constituents into account and the measurement of the total product stays within the accepted confidence levels as described in EN 16785-1:2015, 7.4 for Group I products and EN 16785-1:2015, 8.4 for Group II products.

5.2.2 Calculation for combined materials and/or assembled products

Particularly in the field of semi-finished and consumer products, there will be cases of combinations of materials. This certification scheme distinguishes between components that can be easily distinguished and/or separated by hand or simple physical means and integrated components, where either one or both conditions are not fulfilled. In both cases combinations of non-bio-based and bio-based materials (parts) or mixtures of bio-based components can occur.

In particular assembled products offer choices with regard to calculation and labelling. The calculation and labelling can be based on single items (parts) or on an average of the parts. In general, it is recommended to apply average values on products with low complexity, where consumers can be expected not to distinguish. Average values shall be marked as such.

NOTE 1 For example bottle with cap, packaging tray and film wrap.

For products with high complexity it is recommended to calculate the bio-based content for the single bio-based item.

NOTE 2 For example steering wheel and car seat.

5.3 Information for analysing the sample

The applicant shall provide at least the following documented information when contracting a testing laboratory or certification body for analysing the sample:

- a) the technical data sheet or a description of the product or product family, whatever available;
- b) the safety data sheet, if available;
- the composition of the product or product family, including water content in order to help monitor the sample weighing and the presence of carbonates, minerals and metals, which can interfere with the analytical results;
 - NOTE 1 Components for which composition is not given are not considered bio-based.
- d) if the product or product family is made of different parts, a description of how it should be analysed: each part individually or as a whole;
- e) statement that the sample is representative for the production process of the product or product family to be certified.
 - NOTE 2 If a bio-based product or product family or a constituent thereof shows strong variation for its bio-based content, the sample might not be representative. Such case needs to be specified in the statement. The number of samples to be representative needs to be determined in consultation with the certification body.

The application can provide additional information that will help directing the work of the analyst.

5.4 Sampling and analysis

The testing laboratory shall at least prepare and analyse one sample of the product or product family. This sample shall be representative for the product or product family to be certified. Sampling shall be in accordance with EN 16785-1:2015, 7.2 for Group I products and EN 16785-1:2015, 8.2 for Group II products.

In case of a product consisting of two or more components, the testing laboratory shall ensure that a homogenized sample (e.g. shredded and/or ground and/or mixed) of all constituents of the product will be subject to analysis. In case a homogeneous sample cannot be obtained or if the product is too large or too complex, each component shall be analysed separately and the biomass content shall be calculated according to Annex A. This is coordinated with the certification body and, if applicable, with the testing laboratory and applicant.

NOTE 1 In case the product or product family to be certified contains volatile constituents, special attention during sampling and shipping will be needed. Such and similar questions are to be clarified between the applicant and the testing laboratory prior to analyses.

The testing laboratory shall analyse the ¹⁴C carbon content and the elemental composition of the products or product families to be certified according to the procedures described in EN 16785-1:2015, 7.3.1 for Group I products and EN 16785-1:2015, 8.3.1 for Group II products, in order for the certification body to validate the bio-based content of the statement.

The testing laboratory shall produce a test report containing the results of its analysis and all necessary information. Test reports used in the validation by the certification body may not be older than two years.

NOTE 2 See 5.6.1 for deviations with EN 16785-1:2015 concerning validation of the statement made by the applicant.

The testing laboratory shall retain samples of the products tested according to the requirements of their respective accreditation, but at least three years.

5.5 Information for application for certification

5.5.1 Group I products

The applicant shall provide at least the following documented information to the certification body when applying for an assessment for products obtained by chemical or biological reaction (Group I products):

- a) general information about the organization (name, contact details, legal entity);
- b) the statement by the applicant of the bio-based content and the elemental composition of the product differentiated according to EN 16785-1:2015, 7.1.
 - NOTE Annex B provides an example of statement of the bio-based content and the elemental composition of the product differentiated according to the fossil and bio-based parts.
- c) a technical data sheet or a description of the product;
- d) the test reports obtained from authorized laboratories and pertaining to the results of the ¹⁴C analysis as well as the elemental analysis (see 5.4);
- e) in case of product family, a description of the composition of the products that make part of the family (e.g. density level, purity level, chain length, molecular weight).

5.5.2 Group II products

The applicant shall provide at least the following documented information to the certification body when applying for an assessment for products obtained by mixing Group I products (Group II products):

- a) general information about the organization (name, contact details, legal entity);
- b) the statement of the bio-based carbon content and the bio-based content in accordance with Annex A;
- c) the different constituents of the formulation of the product, or at least the ones containing some bio-based part:
- d) the technical data sheet or a description of the product, and the description of the product's formulation (at least the bio-based components and their participation to the overall formulation);
- e) the test reports of the ¹⁴C analysis obtained from authorized laboratories;
- f) in case of product family, a description of the composition of the products that make part of the family (e.g. density level, purity level, chain length, molecular weight).

5.6 Validation methodology by certification body

5.6.1 Use of test reports

According to EN 16785-1:2015, the validation of the statement made by the applicant is done and reported by the testing laboratory. In the framework of this certification scheme, the validation of the statement shall be done by the certification body. As a consequence, the following exceptions of EN 16785-1 applies:

— the applicant is not required to communicate the statement to the testing laboratory (in contrast to EN 16785-1:2015, 7.1. or 8.1);

- the validation of the statement is not done by the testing laboratory (in contrast to EN 16785-1:2015, 7.4 or 8.4);
- the testing laboratory does not have to report the results of the validation (in contrast to EN 16785-1:2015, 7.6 items d) and i) or 8.6, items d) and i)).

5.6.2 Validation methodology for Group I products

The applicant shall state the bio-based content to the best of its knowledge. The applicant will use minimum values for the statement of the composition of the materials of the formulation. The applicant can easily calculate the bio-based content based on the amount of bio-based materials it uses in accordance with EN 16785-1:2015, Annex C. The bio-based content stated by the applicant shall be a minimum content.

As a Group I product can be the result of a complex chemical reaction, in which some inputs, either fossil-based or bio-based, might not be found back in the final product, the allocation of these evolved constituents, shall be done by the applicant to the best of its knowledge, according to EN 16785-1:2015, Clause 6. The certification body needs not to assess the realism of this allocation.

The certification body shall receive the statement from the applicant as well as the test reports about the ¹⁴C ratio and the elemental analysis. The certification body shall compare the data of the statement with the results of the analyses. If both data are comparable, the certification body can validate the bio-based content stated by the applicant.

The analytical results can differ from the stated values for the following reasons:

- the composition of the product can show some variability;
 - NOTE 1 It will be the case of natural fatty acids used in the production of fatty acid esters (surfactants).
- another source of error can be related to the production process;
- product analysis can be a source of uncertainty, which is well documented.

NOTE 2 Examples are \pm 3 % of the measured value for the bio-based carbon content, \pm 0,4 % of the measured value for the total carbon, total oxygen, or total nitrogen content, and \pm 0,2 % of the measured value for the total hydrogen content.

The requirements described in EN 16785-1:2015, 7.4 shall be applied for the validation of the data. If the stated value (x_{B1}) is lower than the measured value (x_{B2}), the confidence level is 1 and the validated value is the stated value. The applicant shall provide a justification if the measured value is higher than the stated value, taking into account the uncertainties.

The certification body shall retain samples of the products assessed according to the requirements of their respective accreditation.

5.6.3 Validation methodology for Group II products

The certification body shall receive the statement from the applicant as well as the test reports about the ¹⁴C ratio. The certification body shall consider only the bio-based constituents used in the formulation that are certified. Bio-based constituents that are not certified shall not be considered. The certification body shall compare the bio-based carbon ratio of the statement with the analysed bio-based carbon content. If both data are comparable within the range of confidence levels, the certification body can validate the bio-based content stated by the applicant.

In case of products obtained by blending, different sources of error can interfere with the results (see 5.2).

The requirements described in EN 16785-1:2015, 8.4 shall be applied for the validation of the data. If the stated value (x_{B1}) is lower than the measured value (x_{B2}) , the confidence level is 1 and the validated value is

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the stated value. The applicant shall provide a justification if the measured value is higher than the stated value, taking into account the uncertainties.

If certification is being requested for a Group II product consisting of materials already certified according to Group I, the following documents and information shall be submitted along with the application form:

- a) list of the materials used, including information on mass portions and certificate registration numbers;
- b) test reports on bio-based carbon content and bio-based content of the finished item as specified in 5.4.

The certification body shall retain samples of the products assessed according to the requirements of their respective accreditation with a minimum of five years.

5.6.4 Validation methodology for natural products

According to EN 16785-1:2015, 5.4, it is not needed to apply the method for the determination of bio-based content in natural products wholly derived from biomass. Certification of natural products in the framework of this certification scheme is only possible if the certification body receives the statement and necessary test reports of the applicant. This means that:

- certification is not possible solely on the statement by the applicant that the product is wholly derived from biomass:
- certification as Group I product and further incorporation in Group II product(s) is possible if the applicant provides the certification body with the statement and the test reports about the ¹⁴C ratio and the elemental analyses;
- certification as Group I product is possible if the applicant provides the certification body with the statement (i.e. 100 % bio-based) and the test report about the ¹⁴C ratio.

NOTE In this case, further incorporation in Group II product(s) is not allowed.

6 Certification procedures

6.1 Certification criteria

The certification body may issue a certificate if according to the decision scheme for Group I and Group II products in EN 16785-1:2015, Figures 1 and 2 respectively, the validation results in a confidence level 1, confidence level 2 or confidence level 3. In the case it is concluded that the bio-based content cannot be validated, no certificate shall be issued. In the case of a relevant deviation during the assessment, no certificate shall be issued.

The certificate holder is not allowed to use the withdrawn certificate and the application for a new certificate will be necessary.

NOTE Normally, the costs of the reassessment will be paid by the third party in case of no relevant deviations or by the certificate holder in case of relevant deviations.

6.2 Validity of certificate

The "bio-based content" certificate is granted for a maximum period of five years.

6.3 Surveillance

The certification body shall verify the certified product or product family by obtaining samples, either from the producer or from the market place. Verification shall be done during the second and fourth year during the validity of the certificate and within three years of obtaining the test results.

The samples shall undergo ¹⁴C analysis for comparison with the data provided upon application. In case of deviations, 6.1 applies.

In case the "bio-based content" label or "bio-based" logo is not used in accordance with the conditions for use of the label and logo (see 8.2), the certification body shall withdraw the certificate.

Anybody can ask the certification body for reassessment of any issued certificate at any time. Reassessments are considered as surveillance, but will not automatically replace the routine of surveillance as scheduled by the certification body. In case of a relevant deviation of the results, the certification body shall act as above.

6.4 Renewal of certificate

At least three months before expiration of the "bio-based content" certificate, the certificate holder shall apply for renewal of this certificate, if intended, at the certification body. In case no changes to the certified product or product family have been made in the meantime, the certification body shall perform a surveillance analysis as described in 6.3.

In case the surveillance analysis confirms the further fulfilment of the requirements for the respective product or product family, the certification body shall re-issue of the "bio-based content" certificate to the certificate holder and inform the scheme manager (see 7.2.2).

In case the surveillance analysis does not confirm the further fulfilment of the requirements for the respective product or product family, 6.1 applies. Alternatively, the certificate holder can apply for a new certificate.

6.5 Changes to certified product or product family

The certificate holder is obliged to report any modification of the certified product or product family with effect on the claimed bio-based content to the certification body promptly and without request before putting the modified product on the market as certified according to this certification scheme. For maintaining the validity of the certificate, the certificate holder shall provide the certification body a new test report from an authorized testing laboratory, which covers the modification of product of product family.

The certification body shall issue either an amended certificate in case of only slightly changed values or request for an application for a new certificate. A shortfall affecting the confidence level gives reason for requiring a new test.

The actual value of bio-based content may exceed, but not fall below the stated value on the certificate.

6.6 Sublicences

6.6.1 Use of other certificates

An applicant can ask to certify a product by referring to another certificate of that product deployed, provided this deployment does not alter the key features resulting in the certification of the said product. The certification body shall require the formal agreement of the owner of the original certification for the product.

6.6.2 Withdrawal of right to use the other certification

The right for the applicant to use the label, the logo and the certificate associated with the other certification is immediately withdrawn when:

— the owner of the initial certification of the product deployed by the applicant loses the right to use this label, whatever the reason;

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- the certification body, that has carried out the initial certification procedure for the product and/or component the applicant relies on to document the conformity of its final product with the specification applied, withdraws the applicant's certificate for the product and/or component, whatever the reason;
- the certificate or certificates to which the applicant refers has or have expired;
- the scope of the certificate or certificates to which the applicant refers has been amended and with that becoming incompatible with the applicant's deployment.

7 Reporting of the certification body

7.1 General

The applicant receives the "bio-based content" certificate, if based on the assessment nothing has come to attention of the certification body that causes to believe that the bio-based content of the product or product family equals or is lower than the claim that is being made by the applicant, and that there is a justifiable confidence that the applicant will comply with the requirements of EN 16785-1, till the period of the next surveillance (see also 6.3) or renewal of certificate (see also 6.4).

7.2 Requirements for the certificate

7.2.1 Certificate statement

The "bio-based content" certificate that the applicant receives from the certification body shall include at least the following matters:

- a) name and address of applicant;
- b) description of the product or product family;
- c) date of approval;
- d) name of the certification body;
- e) percentage of bio-based carbon content of the product or product family, related to total carbon;
- f) minimum percentage of bio-based content of the product or product family;
- g) certificate number, specific for the certified product or product family;
- h) term of validity of certificate;
- i) test report as appendix to certificate.

The certificate number shall have the following format:

ABC-12345-xvz

where

- ABC is the unique code of the certification body assigned by the scheme manager;
- is a unique number assigned by the certification body;
- xyz is an optional code that can be used for additional information with respect to certification (e.g. revision number, date of publication, or link to internal administration system).

NOTE xyz will not be displayed in the "bio-based content" label (see 8.1.2).

7.2.2 Reporting

The written reports of the (re)certification or surveillance and the annexes remain in the possession of the certification body and will never be given to third parties.

The certification body shall submit a summary report to NEN within two weeks after (re)certification that includes at least the following:

- a) name and address of the applicant;
- b) the denomination of the product or product family;
- c) the certified bio-based content;
- d) the attestation number of the product or product family.

This information will be published in the public domain through a central register of certificate holders linked to this certification scheme.

The certification body shall inform NEN about any changes, renewals or withdrawals of issued certificates in accordance with the license agreement.

7.3 Objection, appeal, suspension and/or deregistration

The certification body shall have a documented process about the receipt, evaluation and decision-making of objections. The certification body shall have a procedure for complaints and appeals. The description of the process about complaints, objections and appeals shall be publicly available.

The following applies with respect to the process of considering objections:

- the persons involved in the consideration of objections shall not have been involved in the assessment or the decision-making;
- filing an objection will not have negative consequences in the further consideration for the one who filed the objection;
- the certification body will report the receipt of the objection and inform the one who filed the objection about the progress and result;
- the decision about the objection shall be taken or approved by a person or group that has not been involved in the consideration.

Pending the objection and/or appeal the certificate is valid; this applies during the validity of the certificate.

The complete procedure complaints, objection and appeal is part of the NEN Scheme management manual.

8 Use of "bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo

8.1 Label and logo

8.1.1 General

This certification scheme distinguishes two types of visualizations:

- 1) the "bio-based content" label that shall be used on (the packaging of) the certified product of product family:
- 2) the "bio-based" logo that may be used for other communication purposes (e.g. promotion and marketing).

The "bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo are European registered trademarks.

NOTE The "bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo do not provide information on the sustainability or environmental impact of the product.

8.1.2 Visual appearance of "bio-based content" label

Figure 3 shows the "bio-based content" label that shall be used on (the packaging of) the certified product of product family. The "bio-based content" label is composed of the following elements:

- the value indicating the minimum share of the bio-based content, as a percentage of total (dry) mass of the product, in the certified product or product family (see also 8.1.4) followed by the artwork of the percent bar with leaves and the wording 'biobased' below;
- the statement whether the claim of the bio-based content relates to the product, a specific component of the product or the packaging; this statement may be either in English or in the language preferred by the buyer;
- the unique registration number of this certificate that can be traced in the central register of certificates (see 7.2.1).

These elements are at fixed position in the "bio-based content" label as shown in Figure 3. It is not allowed to move or exclude elements (see also 8.2).



Figure 3 — "Bio-based content" label

Requirements for the (graphical) presentation of the "bio-based content" label are included in Annex C.

8.1.3 Visual appearance of "bio-based" logo

Figure 4 shows the "bio-based" logo that may be used for other communication purposes (e.g. promotion and marketing). The "bio-based" logo is composed of the wording 'biobased' followed by the artwork of the percent bar with leaves.

biobased %

Figure 4 — "Bio-based" logo

Requirements for the (graphical) presentation of the "bio-based" logo are included in Annex C.

8.1.4 Values displayed in the label

For products or product families certified according to this certification scheme, the "bio-based content" label shall never display a value higher than the percentage given in the certificate issued by the certification body. The value shall be a whole number. It is not allowed to display any value when using the "bio-based" logo.

8.2 Conditions of use of label and logo

8.2.1 Use of "bio-based content" label

The certificate holder is allowed to use the "bio-based content" label for products of product families certified according this certification scheme. The "bio-based content" label will be provided in electronic format by the certification body after issuing the certificate linked to the bio-based product or product family. The certificate holder shall only use the electronic format of the label provided by the certification body.

The certificate holder shall take into account the following conditions when using the "bio-based content" label:

- a) The use of the label is only allowed after formal approval in writing by the certification body. The certificate holder is responsible for the correct use of the label.
- b) The unique registration number of the certificate, which is assigned by the certification body, shall be stated in the label at the appropriate position. This unique registration number consists of the abbreviation of the certification body and the unique attestation number assigned by the certification body (see also 7.2.1).
- c) The use of the label and the unique registration number is only allowed for the certified product or product family:
 - In business-to-business relations, the label may be applied primarily on the accompanying documents, data sheets, packaging, tags, etc. In addition, the respective product itself may be labelled according to 8.1.2, if technically possible.
 - In business-to-consumer relations:
 - The label shall where possible be applied to the product itself. In case of assemblies or simple combinations of components, an individual component can be labelled, if the respective part is easily recognizable. Specific cases of use can be referred to the scheme manager.
 - In addition to the actual product, the information about the bio-based content of the product, product family or component may be conveyed in accompanying documents such as manuals, packaging, tags, etc.
- d) It shall be clearly stated whether the "bio-based content" claim that is made with the label refers to the whole product, to a specific component or to the packaging.
- e) The label shall not exceed the size and prominence of the product name, brand name and/or trade name and shall be legible without aids.

f) The label shall meet the requirements of 8.1.2.

8.2.2 Use of "bio-based" logo

The certificate holder is allowed to use the "bio-based" logo for communication purposes (e.g. website, company brochure, letterhead) if one or more products of product families have been certified according this certification scheme. The "bio-based" logo will be provided in electronic format by the certification body after issuing the first certificate. The certificate holder shall only use the electronic format of the logo provided by the certification body.

The certificate holder shall take into account the following conditions when using the "bio-based" logo:

- a) The use of the logo is only allowed after formal approval in writing by the certification body. The certificate holder is responsible for the correct use of the logo.
- b) The use of the logo is not allowed to be used for the certified product or product family.
 - NOTE 1 The "bio-based content" label is to be used for the certified product or product family as defined in 8.2.1, item c).
- c) It shall be stated in the communication where information can be found about what the "bio-based" logo entails.
 - NOTE 2 The certificate holder can provide this information on its own website or other medium or can refer to the website of the scheme manager (i.e. www.biobasedcontent.eu).
- d) The logo shall not exceed the size and prominence of the company name or any other logo used in the communication and shall be legible without aids.
- e) The logo shall meet the requirements of 8.1.3.

8.3 Assessment correct use of label and logo by certification body

The certification body shall assess the intended use of the "bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo during the initial assessment. During surveillance and renewal assessments the actual use of label and logo shall be assessed. The certificate holder can ask for approval of changes in use of label or logo in between assessments. In all cases, the certification body shall assess whether the certificate holder complies with 8.2. As stated in Clause 6, the certificate shall be withdrawn in case the label or logo is not correctly used.

8.4 Monitoring improper use of label and logo by scheme manager

The scheme manager for this certification scheme (i.e. NEN) will periodically conduct market surveillances to monitor improper use of "bio-based content" label, "bio-based" logo and name and will undertake the necessary actions. Improper use of label or logo can occur both with organizations that are not certified according to this certification scheme or with organizations that are certified but do not comply with 8.2. In case the latter, the scheme manager will also inform the certification body that has issued the certificate associated with the claim about the bio-based content of the product or product family.

Annex A

(normative)

Calculation of bio-based carbon content and bio-based content for Group II products

A.1 Calculation of the bio-based carbon content

Calculate the bio-based carbon content, as a percentage of the total mass of the sample, using Formula (A.1):

$$x_B = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} W_i \cdot x_{B,i}}{W} \tag{A.1}$$

where

n is the number of constituents of the sample;

W is the total mass of the sample, expressed in grams;

 W_i is the mass of the constituent i, expressed in grams;

 x_B is the bio-based carbon content, expressed as a percentage of the total mass of the sample;

 $x_{B,i}$ is the bio-based carbon content of the constituent i, expressed as a percentage of the mass of the constituent i.

A.2 Calculation of the bio-based content

Calculate the bio-based content using Formula (A.2):

$$m_B = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n W_i \cdot m_{B,i}}{W} \tag{A.2}$$

where

 m_B is the bio-based content of the product expressed as a percentage of the total mass of sample;

 $m_{B,i}$ is the bio-based content of the constituent i, expressed as a percentage of the mass of the constituent i;

n is the number of constituents of the sample;

W is the total mass of the sample, expressed in grams;

 W_i is the mass of the constituent i, expressed in grams.

Annex B

(informative)

Example of bio-based content and the elemental composition of the product

Table B.1 provides an example of statement of the bio-based content and the elemental composition of the product differentiated according to the fossil and bio-based parts that can be used to obtained the required information to be provided to the certification body as per 5.5.1.

Table B.1 — Example of bio-based content and the elemental composition of the product based on bio-ethyl acetate

Indicator	Response									
Description of chemical pathway	Esterification between bio-ethanol from fermentation of sugar and acetic acid from fossil resources									
Drawing or description of chemical structure of product					CH₃C0	OOCH	₂CH ₃	3		
Number of atoms for each element in product	C = 4 H = 8 O = 2			N = 0				Othe	ers = 0	
Molecular weight of product	$M = 4 \times 12 + 8$	×1 + 2×16 =	= 88 g/r	mol		•				
Elemental composition for each element in product	C = 4×12 / 88 = 54,5 %	H = 8×1 = 9,1 %	/ 88	O = 2: 88 = 3	×16 / 86,4 %	N =	0		Othe	ers = 0
Identification of atoms coming from bio-based resources on molecule										
Ratio of atoms coming from bio-based sources for each element in product	C _{bio} = 2/4	$H_{\text{bio}} = 5/8$	3	O _{bio} =	1/2	N _{bio}	= 0		Othe	ers _{bio} = 0
Elemental composition coming from bio-based fraction and fossil fraction for each element in product	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
Total biobased fraction and fossil fraction	Total bio-based fraction = 27,25 % + 5,7 % + 18,2 % = 51,15 % Total fossil fraction = 27,25 % + 3,4 % + 18,2 % = 48,85 %									
Overall elemental composition	Elemental composition in %									
composition		С	Н		0	N		Othe	ers	Total
	Total	54,5	9,1		36,4	0		0		100
	Bio-based fraction	27,25	5,7		18,2	0		0		51,15
	Fossil fraction	27,25	3,4		18,2	0		0		48,85

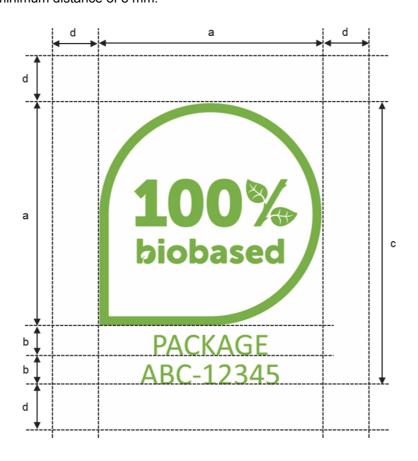
Annex C

(normative)

"Bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo - visual representation

C.1 Shape and size

The "bio-based content" label is a teardrop with the angle in the corner left under. The teardrop contains the value indicating the minimum share of the bio-based content. The product description and unique registration number are aligned centred below the teardrop. Figure C.1 shows the "bio-based content" label including the sizes and mutual ratios. The shape, ratios of sizes and positions of the elements may not be modified. The white space between the "bio-based content" label and other printed artwork or text is at least 0,2 × the width of the label with a minimum distance of 3 mm.

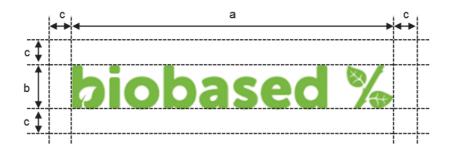


Key

- a size of teardrop: width and height are similar
- b distance between qualifiers (b = a / 7,5)
- c total length of label (c = $a + 2 \times b$)
- d minimum white space between label and other printed artwork or text (d ≥ 0,2 × a where d is at least 3 mm)
- NOTE 1 The value of "100 %" is for illustration and can be any value between 0 % and 100 %.
- NOTE 2 The qualifier "PACKAGE" indicates the position of the statement whether the claim of the bio-based content relates to the product, a specific component of the product or the packaging.
- NOTE 3 The qualifier "ABC-12345" indicates the position of the unique registration number.

Figure C.1 — "Bio-based content" label including sizes

Figure C.2 shows the "bio-based" logo including the sizes and mutual ratios. The ratios of sizes and may not be modified. The white space between the "bio-based" logo and other printed artwork or text is at least 0.5×10^{-5} the height of the label logo with a minimum distance of 3 mm.



Key

- a width
- b height (b = a / 7,5)
- c minimum white space between logo and other printed artwork or text (c ≥ 0,5 × b where c is at least 3 mm)

Figure C.2 — "Bio-based" logo including sizes

C.2 Colour

The green colour in the "bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo is specified in Table C.1 with the usual standards.

Table C.1 — Specifications of colours "bio-based content" label and "bio-based" logo

Colour	Pantone	Hex	RGB	CMYK
Green	368 C	#76bc43	R118	C 59 %
			G188	M 2 %
			B67	Y 100 %
				K 0 %

If the green colour or layout of the background of the "bio-based content" label or "bio-based" logo is inappropriate for the label and logo as presented in Figure C.1 and Figure C.2, respectively, the label and logo may be used in black and white configuration.

C.3 Font

The text in the "bio-based content" label shall be displayed using the following fonts:

- Value: Museo Sans 900
- Product description: Calibri Regular capitalized
- Unique registration number: Calibri Regular capitalized

The "bio-based" logo doesn't include text that can be amended.

Bibliography

EN 16575, Bio-based products — Vocabulary

ISO 9001, Quality management systems — Requirements

ISO/IEC 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories

ISO/IEC 17065, Conformity assessment — Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services

ISO 19011, Guidelines for auditing management systems

NEN Scheme management manual

NEN

P.O. Box 5059 2600 GB Delft The Netherlands

Vlinderweg 6 2623 AX Delft

T +31 (0)15 2 690 390 info@nen.nl

www.nen.nl